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8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
9 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  
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11 JULIAN RODRIGUEZ,

12 Plaintiff,

13 v.

14 PRINCE BOXING ENTERPRISES, et  
15 al.

16 Defendants.  
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Case No. 2:22-cv-08376-FLA (AGRx)

**ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE WHY  
ACTION SHOULD NOT BE  
DISMISSED FOR LACK OF  
SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION  
AND/OR IMPROPER VENUE**

1 Federal courts are courts of “limited jurisdiction,” possessing only “power  
2 authorized by the Constitution and statute[.]” *Kokkonen v. Guardian Life Ins. Co. of*  
3 *Am.*, 511 U.S. 375, 377 (1994); U.S. Const. art. III, § 2, cl. 1. Courts are presumed to  
4 lack jurisdiction unless the contrary appears affirmatively from the record. *See*  
5 *DaimlerChrysler Corp. v. Cuno*, 547 U.S. 332, 342 n. 3 (2006). Additionally, federal  
6 courts have an obligation to examine jurisdiction *sua sponte* before proceeding to the  
7 merits of a case. *See Ruhrgas AG v. Marathon Oil Co.*, 526 U.S. 574, 583 (1999).

8 Federal courts have jurisdiction where an action arises under federal law or  
9 where each plaintiff’s citizenship is diverse from each defendant’s citizenship and the  
10 amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000, exclusive of interest and costs. 28 U.S.C.  
11 §§ 1331, 1332(a). A complaint filed in federal court must contain “a plausible  
12 allegation that the amount in controversy exceeds the jurisdictional threshold.” *Dart*  
13 *v. Cherokee Basin Operating Co., LLC v. Owens*, 574 U.S. 81, 89 (2014). Where a  
14 party contests, or a court questions, a party’s allegations concerning the amount in  
15 controversy, both sides shall submit proof, and the court must decide whether the  
16 party asserting jurisdiction has proven the amount in controversy by a preponderance  
17 of the evidence. *Id.* at 88–89; *see* Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(h)(3) (“If the court determines at  
18 any time that it lacks subject-matter jurisdiction, the court must dismiss the action.”).  
19 The same procedures apply when the existence of complete diversity of the parties is  
20 called into question. *See, e.g., Verb Tech. Co., Inc. v. Baker & Hostetler LLP*, Case  
21 No. 2:21-cv-06500-ODW (MAAx), 2021 WL 4125207 (C.D. Cal. Sept. 9, 2021).


22 The court has reviewed the Complaint and is presently unable to conclude it has  
23 subject matter jurisdiction over this action under 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a). In particular,  
24 and without limitation, the court finds that the Complaint does not demonstrate by a  
25 preponderance of evidence that the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.  
26 Additionally, the court finds the Complaint has not demonstrated venue is proper in  
27 this district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b).  
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1 Accordingly, Plaintiff is ORDERED to SHOW CAUSE, in writing only, within  
2 fourteen (14) days from the date of this Order, why this action should not be  
3 dismissed for lack of subject matter jurisdiction and/or improper venue. Plaintiff is  
4 encouraged to submit evidence and/or judicially noticeable facts in response to the  
5 court's Order. The response shall be limited to fifteen (15) pages in length. Plaintiff  
6 should consider this Order to be a two-pronged inquiry into the facial and factual  
7 sufficiency of Plaintiff's demonstration of jurisdiction. *See Leite v. Crane Co.*, 749  
8 F.3d 1117, 1122 (9th Cir. 2014).

9 The failure to respond timely and adequately to this Order shall result in  
10 dismissal of the action without further notice.

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12 IT IS SO ORDERED.

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14 Dated: July 26, 2023

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17 FERNANDO L. AENLLE-ROCHA  
18 United States District Judge  
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